The Role of Ce Doping in Enhancing Sensing Performance of ZnO-based Gas Sensor by Adjusting the Proportion of Oxygen Species

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Abstract:

Flower-liked ZnO architectures and Ce doped ZnO materials with different amounts (0.2, 0.5, 1.2 and 2 at% Ce) were successfully synthesized by a simple room-temperature precipitation route. As the gas sensing materials, their sensing performance were investigated systematically. The results indicate that Ce doping can improve the performance of ZnO sensor. The ZnO doped with 0.5 at% Ce exhibited the highest response to ethanol at the operating temperature of $300\,^{\circ}$ C, and the response value was about 72.6 to 100 ppm ethanol. With Ce doping, the proportions of oxygen vacancy and chemisorbed oxygen species were increased obviously, which could greatly promote the gas sensing properties of surface resistance-type metal oxide semiconductors. Thus, the doping of flower-liked ZnO with Ce should be a promising approach for designing and fabricating the high performance gas sensor.

Key words: Ce, ZnO, oxygen species, gas sensor, ethanol

Gas sensing performances

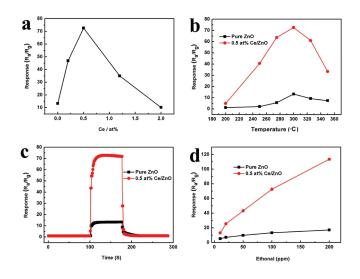


Fig. 1. Response of the sensors based on pure ZnO and Ce doped ZnO materials with different Ce doping amounts (a), responses at different operating temperatures (b) and dynamic response curves to 100 ppm ethanol (c) as well as responses to different concentrations of ethanol (d) of the sensors based on pure ZnO and 0.5 at% Ce/ZnO composites.

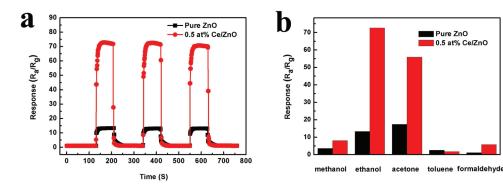


Fig. 2. Three reversible cycles of the sensors based on pure ZnO and 0.5 at% Ce/ZnO composites for successive detection of 100 ppm ethanol (a), and responses of the sensors to 100 ppm of various gases (b).

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